

MEDICARE COVERAGE BY SEX BY AGE
Universe: Civilian noninstitutionalized population
2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

2015
[2014](#)
[2013](#)
[2012](#)
[2011](#)
[2010](#)
[2009](#)

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	713,082	+/-1,787
Male:	367,289	+/-2,444
Under 6 years:	33,698	+/-1,496
With Medicare coverage	30	+/-36
No Medicare coverage	33,668	+/-1,494
6 to 17 years:	62,128	+/-1,664
With Medicare coverage	300	+/-244
No Medicare coverage	61,828	+/-1,682
18 to 24 years:	40,434	+/-1,519
With Medicare coverage	903	+/-516
No Medicare coverage	39,531	+/-1,638
25 to 34 years:	56,423	+/-1,943
With Medicare coverage	562	+/-333
No Medicare coverage	55,861	+/-1,997
35 to 44 years:	44,642	+/-1,509
With Medicare coverage	428	+/-271
No Medicare coverage	44,214	+/-1,546
45 to 54 years:	46,999	+/-1,346
With Medicare coverage	1,480	+/-593
No Medicare coverage	45,519	+/-1,400
55 to 64 years:	48,220	+/-827
With Medicare coverage	2,108	+/-685
No Medicare coverage	46,112	+/-1,063
65 to 74 years:	24,693	+/-715
With Medicare coverage	23,000	+/-761
No Medicare coverage	1,693	+/-406
75 years and over:	10,052	+/-395
With Medicare coverage	9,921	+/-418
No Medicare coverage	131	+/-124
Female:	345,793	+/-1,921
Under 6 years:	32,218	+/-1,494
With Medicare coverage	114	+/-143
No Medicare coverage	32,104	+/-1,494
6 to 17 years:	57,873	+/-1,480
With Medicare coverage	13	+/-23
No Medicare coverage	57,860	+/-1,480
18 to 24 years:	33,290	+/-868
With Medicare coverage	243	+/-226
No Medicare coverage	33,047	+/-883
25 to 34 years:	53,261	+/-1,487
With Medicare coverage	424	+/-313
No Medicare coverage	52,837	+/-1,537
35 to 44 years:	43,754	+/-1,221
With Medicare coverage	638	+/-415
No Medicare coverage	43,116	+/-1,284
45 to 54 years:	44,535	+/-1,066
With Medicare coverage	1,087	+/-366
No Medicare coverage	43,448	+/-1,130
55 to 64 years:	45,521	+/-927
With Medicare coverage	2,398	+/-629
No Medicare coverage	43,123	+/-1,090
65 to 74 years:	23,098	+/-936
With Medicare coverage	21,458	+/-994
No Medicare coverage	1,640	+/-466
75 years and over:	12,243	+/-644
With Medicare coverage	12,122	+/-624
No Medicare coverage	121	+/-101

Explanation of Symbols:

An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '!' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '!' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added as of 2009 -- please see http://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2010/demo/coverage_edits_final.html for more details. The 2008 data table in American FactFinder does not incorporate these edits. Therefore, the estimates that appear in these tables are not comparable to the estimates in the 2009 and later tables. Select geographies of 2008 data comparable to the 2009 and later tables are available at <http://www.census.gov/data/tables/time-series/acs/1-year-re-run-health-insurance.html>. The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See http://www.census.gov/topics/health/health-insurance/about/glossary.html#par_textimage_18 for a list of the insurance type definitions.

While the 2015 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.